

Cryptocurrency





QTIC - Cryptocurrency Team



Content



01 The basics of cryptocurrency



02 Cryptocurrency & Tourism



03 Blockchain



04 Project deliverables





The basics of cryptocurrency



What is cryptocurrency?





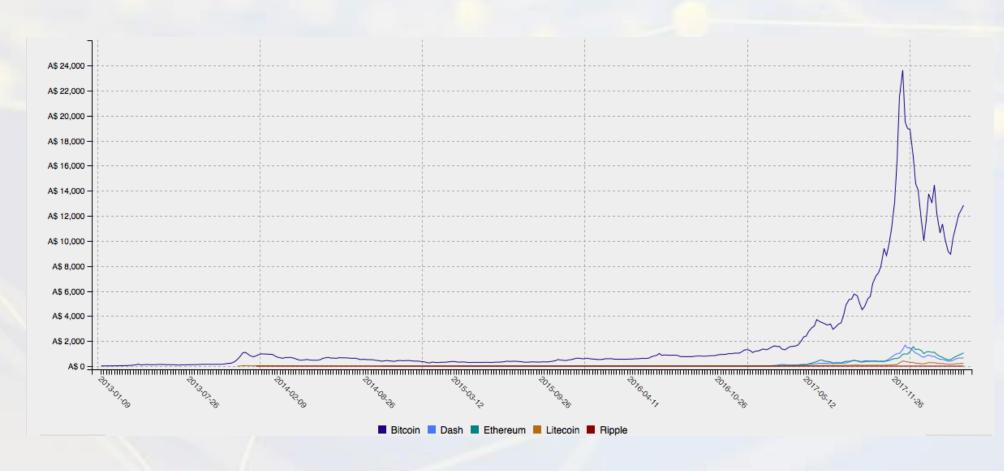
Key terms to remember:

- Decentralised system: not controlled by trusted third party like a bank
- Peer-to-peer system
- Cryptography: mathematical and computer science algorithms
- Blockchain: underlying technology of cryptocurrency

01

The cryptocurrency market





In 2013:

1 Bitcoin = AUD\$ 15.32

In 2018:

1 Bitcoin = AUD\$ 12,845

Figure 1. Value of different types of cryptocurrencies

Where does the idea come from?



1990s

Initial idea: the movement "cypherpunk" 2007

The initial idea came back due to Global Financial Crisis

2008

Several authors wrote about cryptocurrency

2009

The first cryptocurrency "Bitcoin" was created



Differences between fiat currency and cryptocurrency



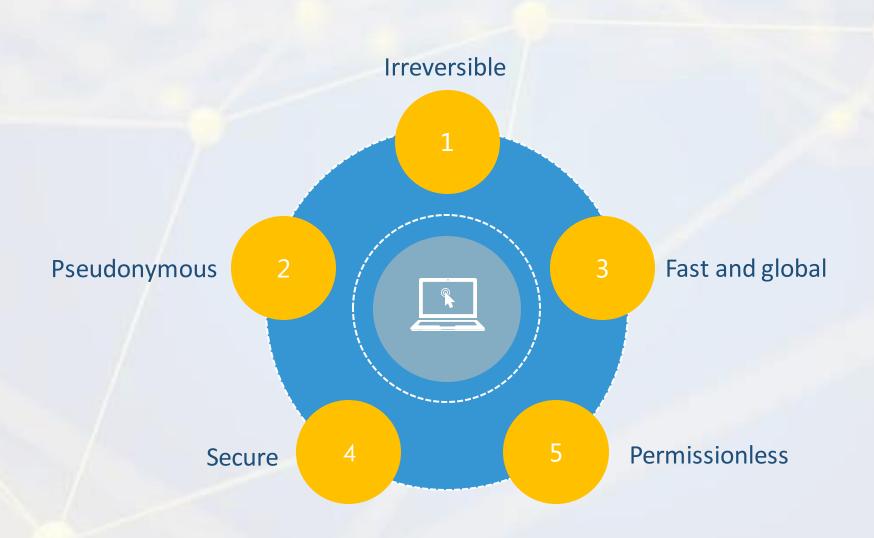
Fiat currency	Cryptocurrency
Put into circulation by the government	Produced by computers
Unlimited supply as the government can produce more if necessary	Limited supply which means cryptocurrency will reach a maximum number
Form of a paper or coin	Digital form
Centralized system: law and banks control it	Decentralized system: not controlled by institutions such as government or bank
The market determines its value	

Figure 2. Differences between fiat currency and cryptocurrency



Features of cryptocurrency





Global context of cryptocurrency





Evolution of payment system

Development of Internet with e-commerce & m-commerce





Evolution of cryptocurrency market





Notice:

The market capitalisation has increased 3 times since 2016!

Figure 3. The market capitalisation of cryptocurrency



Cryptocurrency & Tourism





Supplier perspective: benefits of using cryptocurrency





Global
Physical location is not taken into account



The transaction of cryptocurrency is much faster than fiat

currency

Fast



Low charge fee

Low fee



transaction

The transaction is encrypted

Secure

Example – Bitcoin and tourism industry



Adoptions of Bitcoin

In various industries

Shopify

Accepts digital currency allowing its consumers to pay with different kinds of cryptocurrency.



In tourism industry

Japan – H.I.S

38 stores of this company takes Bitcoin payments and in the future, more stores will be added to the list.

Paypal

Accepts Bitcoin by using different payment processors like Coinbase, GoCoin etc.

2

Brisbane

Brisbane airport has recently accepted cryptocurrency payments in its retail outlets.



Adoption of cryptocurrency in **Queensland Tourism**







- Early adopter of bitcoin and other cryptocurrency in Queensland.
- 53 places: cryptocurrency payments are accepted
- **36** of these places are **tourism-related**.



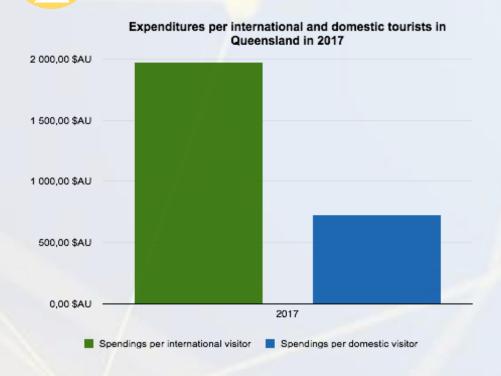
Only 3 places are using digital currency.



Positive trend for Queensland tourism business for accepting cryptocurrency



- Increase of international visitors in Queensland
- International travelers spend more than domestic visitors





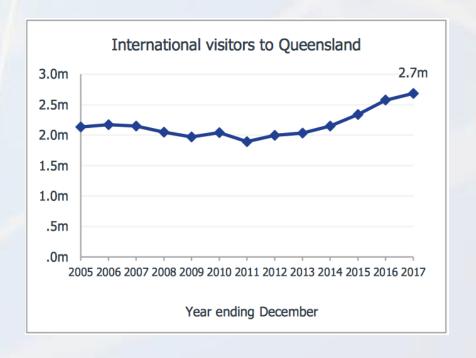


Figure 5. Growth of international tourists in Queensland

02 Use of cryptocurrency in Brisbane

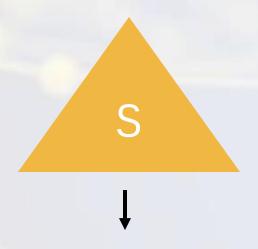




Implications of cryptocurrency on the tourism industry



Supplier perspective



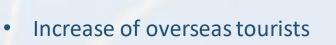
- Value fluctuates largely
- New and hard concept to understand



- Charge for transaction is very low
 - Strong security
 - The receipt of payment is fast



- Consumers don't see cryptocurrency as a daily payment method
- Unstable politic and economic situation about cryptocurrency



 Favourable regulations for cryptocurrency





Blockchain



Blockchain technology





Blockchain is a **distributed database** composed of multiple computers (or nodes) to record transactions that are not controlled by a central point of authority.

What is Blockchain?

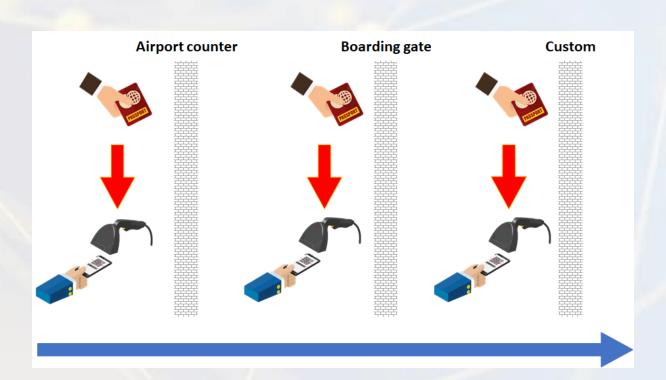




Blockchain on the tourism industry



Example 1: Simplify identification - facilitates the identification of travelers



Blockchain could considerably make travelers' journey **easier and faster**.

For instance, a traveler would **only** need to use his fingerprint to pass every airport security.

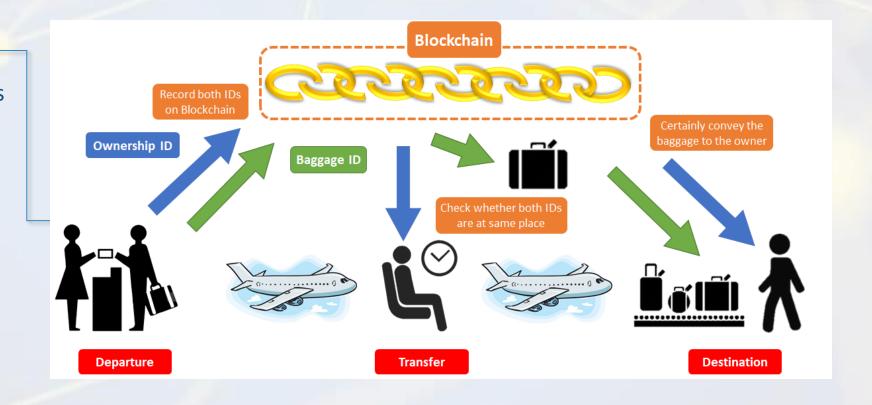


Blockchain on the tourism industry



Example 2: Baggage tracking

Blockchain: to **record** a traveler's detail and its luggage. The bag ID and the owner ID would be registered on blockchain.





Blockchain on the hospitality industry



Example: Food tracking

Better quality control

Better food safety

Enhancement of the **relationship** with customers









Crypto directly benefits the tourism industry: convenient, safe, no bank fee

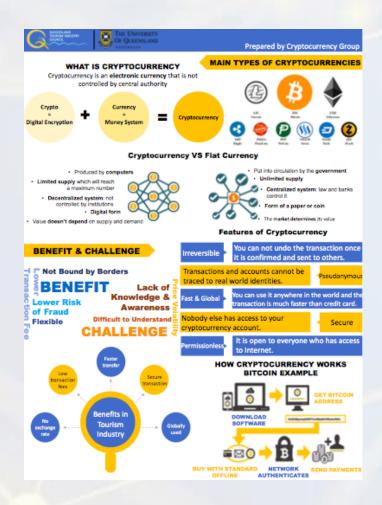
The number of international travelers in Queensland increases



Cryptocurrency and **Tourism** have an interrelated relationship

THE UNIVERSITY OF QUEENSLAND AUSTRALIA UQ BUSINESS SCHOOL

One page fact sheet



What is cryptocurrency?
How it works?



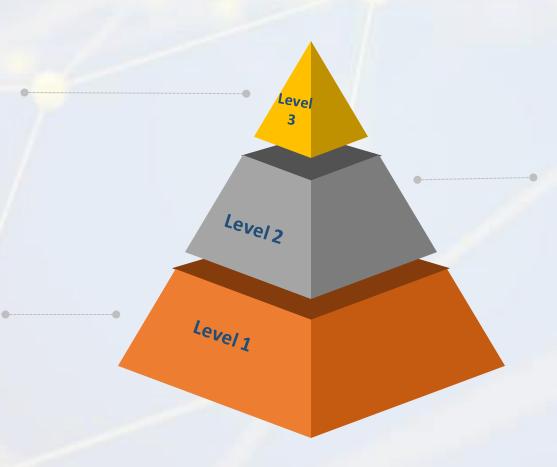


Handbook

Level 3

Underlying technology of cryptocurrency: Blockchain

Level 1
Background about cryptocurrency



Level 2

Implications of cryptocurrency on the Queensland tourism industry.



Thank You





